1 Apr 25, 2023 2 Disciplinary 3 Rnard 4 Docket # 024 5 6 DISCIPLINARY BOARD 7 WASHINGTON STATE BAR ASSOCIATION 8 Proceeding No. 22#00034 In re 9 JOSH BRUMLEY, ODC File Nos. 20-01477 and 21-01227 10 Lawyer (Bar No. 49851). STIPULATION TO TWO REPRIMANDS 11 12 13 Under Rule 9.1 of the Washington Supreme Court's Rules for Enforcement of Lawyer 14 Conduct (ELC), the following Stipulation to Two Reprimands is entered into by the Office of 15 Disciplinary Counsel (ODC) of the Washington State Bar Association (Association) through 16 disciplinary counsel Henry Cruz, Respondent's Counsel Kevin M. Bank, and Respondent lawyer 17 Josh Brumley. 18 Respondent understands that Respondent is entitled under the ELC to a hearing, to present 19 exhibits and witnesses on Respondent's behalf, and to have a hearing officer determine the facts, 20 misconduct and sanction in this case. Respondent further understands that Respondent is entitled 21 under the ELC to appeal the outcome of a hearing to the Disciplinary Board, and, in certain cases, 22 the Supreme Court. Respondent further understands that a hearing and appeal could result in an 23 outcome more favorable or less favorable to Respondent. Respondent chooses to resolve this

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1	proceeding now by entering into the following stipulation to facts, misconduct, and sanction	n to
2	avoid the risk, time, and expense attendant to further proceedings.	
3	I. ADMISSION TO PRACTICE	
4	1. Respondent was admitted to practice law in the State of Washington on October	15,
5	2015.	
6	II. STIPULATED FACTS	
7	Background	
8	2. Brumley is the principal of the Brumley Law Firm (Brumley's firm).	
9	3. During the times relevant to this stipulation, Brumley's firm handled family, crimi	nal,
10	business litigation, and personal injury cases.	
11	4. Brumley's firm now handles only personal injury cases.	
12	5. During the times relevant to this stipulation, which includes the COVID-19 pander	nic,
13	Brumley's firm experienced significant staff turnover, with four different lawyers working	for
14	Brumley at one time or another, along with a Limited License Legal Technician (LLLT)	and
15	paralegals.	
16	6. Many of the lawyers Brumley hired were new lawyers with little or no experien	ce.
17	Morfitt Grievance	
18	7. At all times relevant to this matter, Christine Camper, a LLLT, worked on the fan	nily
19	law matters for Brumley's firm and helped train the new lawyers who were hired to handle fan	nily
20	law cases.	
21	8. The authority of a LLLT to file documents is set forth in APR 28(F) and Apper	ıdix
22	APR 28. What is permissible depends, among other things, on whether the document is	an
23	approved form or, if not, whether the document is reviewed and approved by a Washing	șton
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1	lawyer. See APR 28(F)(6), (9). Among other things, LLLTs are not permitted to render legal
2	services in "major parenting plan modifications and nonparental custody actions beyond the
3	adequate cause hearing unless the terms are agreed to by the parties or one party defaults[.]"
4	Appendix APR 28, Regulation 2(B)(3)(ix).
5	9. In May 2019, Cora and Timothy Krouse Sr. (the Krouses) filed a petition for
6	nonparental custody of their minor grandchildren, who are the children of their son, Timothy
7	Krouse Jr., and Julie Brayton (Pierce County Superior Court No. 19-3-02047-3).
8	10. Lawyer Kelly Morfitt represented the Krouses.
9	11. On December 23, 2019, the court entered a Final Nonparent Custody Order in the
10	Brayton matter, awarding custody of the children to the Krouses and visitation to Brayton and
11	Krouse Jr.
12	12. In April 2020, Brumley hired Laura Tocheny, a month before Tocheny was admitted
13	to the Bar.
14	13. In May 2020, Brumley's firm began representing Brayton in Pierce County Superior
15	Court No. 19-3-02047-3.
16	14. Although Brumley's name was on the case, Camper handled most of the legal work
17	and client contact.
18	15. Brumley did not review some documents drafted by Camper that were filed in Pierce
19	County Superior Court No. 19-3-02047-3.
20	16. On June 9, 2020, Brumley's firm filed a petition to modify/terminate the nonparental
21	custody order on behalf of Brayton. The petition was signed by Brayton.
22	17. On June 24, 2020, a court commissioner ruled that adequate cause was not required,
23	but there was no proof of service of the petition on the other parties. The commissioner ordered
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1	Brayton to serve all other parties and show proof of service for the court to proceed.
2	18. On July 24, 2020, a judge ruled that the petition still required proof of service and that
3	adequate cause was required for the petition to proceed.
4	19. On August 26, 2020, the court dismissed the petition without prejudice due to failure
5	to schedule an adequate cause hearing, which Brumley's firm did not immediately correct.
6	20. In September 2020, Brumley discussed the Brayton matter with Tocheny and Camper
7	and agreed on a strategy to move to vacate the dismissal of the petition instead of refiling the
8	petition.
9	21. On December 1, 2020, Brayton, still represented by Brumley's firm, filed a petition
10	and related documents in a new case seeking a parenting plan and residential schedule (Pierce
11	County Superior Court No. 20-3-03680-2).
12	22. Brumley was not initially aware of the filings in Pierce County Superior Court No
13	20-3-03680-2, nor was Brumley aware of the details of the interactions between Camper and
14	Brayton that culminated in Brayton filing the new petition on December 1, 2020.
15	23. The petition bore the electronic signature of Tocheny dated November 23, 2020.
16	24. According to Tocheny, Tocheny did not write or sign the petition, did not file the
17	petition, and did not authorize anyone to affix Tocheny's signature on the petition.
18	25. Anyone in Brumley's firm had access to Tocheny's electronic signature.
19	26. According to Tocheny, Camper filed the petition and affixed Tocheny's signature on
20	the petition.
21	27. Camper was not authorized by the regulations relating to LLLTs to file the petition.
22	28. The petition was misleading in that it failed to disclose several key pieces of
23	information, including that there was another case, No. 19-3-02047-3, that involved the children,
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1	and that the Krouses already had custody of the children by virtue of a court order in that case.
2	29. Brumley's firm did not provide notice of the new petition to Morfitt or the Krouses.
3	30. On December 21, 2020, the court electronically approved and entered the parenting
4	plan Brayton sought in No. 20-3-03680-2 based on the "Parents' agreement."
5	31. The order bore Tocheny's signature dated November 23, 2020, but, according to
6	Tocheny, Tocheny did not sign the proposed order or authorize anyone to place Tocheny's
7	signature on the document.
8	32. On December 22, 2020, Brumley filed a notice of withdrawal in case No. 20-3-03680-
9	2, effective January 1, 2021.
10	33. On December 23, 2020, Morfitt learned of the orders entered in 20-3-03680-2 from
11	Cora Krouse, who had received a text from Brayton.
12	34. Morfitt, on behalf of the Krouses, filed a motion to consolidate the two cases and
13	vacate the orders entered 20-3-03680-2, along with a request for fees and sanctions.
14	35. Morfitt noted a hearing for December 30, 2020.
15	36. Brumley, whose withdrawal was not yet effective, was given notice of the hearing but
16	did not appear because Brumley was unavailable.
17	37. At this point, Brumley was aware of Pierce County Superior Court No. 20-3-03680-
18	2.
19	38. On December 29, 2020, Brumley's firm filed a notice of association for Tocheny in
20	case No. 20-3-03680-2, three days before Brumley's withdrawal was effective, but Tocheny did
21	not appear at the December 30, 2020 hearing.
22	39. At the December 30, 2020 hearing, the court stated that the orders entered in Case No.
23	19-3-02047-3 had priority over those entered in Case No. 20-3-03680-2 and ordered the children
24	Stimulation to Discipline OFFICE OF DISCIPLINARY COUNSEL

1	returned to the Krouses, but required that Morfitt file a motion for the Krouses to intervene in
2	Case No. 20-3-03680-2 before it would take action under that case number.
3	40. The court imposed \$200 in sanctions against Brumley's firm for failure to appear.
4	41. Morfitt filed the motion to intervene on behalf of the Krouses.
5	42. In January 2021, Brumley instructed Tocheny to file motions for adequate cause and
6	to vacate the dismissal of the prior petition to terminate the nonparental custody order.
7	43. On January 11, 2021, Brumley's firm filed a notice of appearance for Tocheny on
8	behalf of Brayton in case No. 19-3-02047-3 and filed both motions.
9	44. On January 22, 2021, Brumley's firm filed a notice of appearance for Tocheny on
10	behalf of Brayton in case No. 20-3-03680-2.
11	45. The court held a hearing on January 29, 2021, at which Tocheny appeared for Brayton.
12	46. The court continued the motion to vacate but granted the motion to intervene, finding
13	as follows:
14	The intervenors are the Nonparent Custodians of the children who are the subject matter of this case and the intervenors have a vested interest in this case. This
15	Petition was purposefully filed without proper notice to the intervenors and without proper disclosures to the court. Since this case was finalized, intervention is granted
16	for the limited purpose of dismissing the Petition to Establish a Parenting Plan under CR60(b).
17	47. The court also ordered Brumley to pay attorney fees, ruling as follows:
18	Attorney Fees for needing to file this Motion to Intervene is granted in the amount
19	of \$500. Mr. Brumley should have (1) notified the court of the existence of the valid residential schedule in case number 19-3-02047-3, (2) notified the nonparent
20	custodians of this action, and (3) dismissed this Petition on his own volition. The \$200 still owed by Mr. Brumley to Ms. Morfitt incurred by Mr. Brumley's failure
21	to appear in Ex Parte to address this matter before the Commissioner who signed final orders in this case, plus the \$500 is hereby reduced to judgment with 12%
22	interest.
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23	48. On February 15, 2021, Brayton fired Brumley's firm.

1	49. Shortly thereafter, Tocheny withdrew from representing Brayton in No. 20-3-03680-
2	2, and Brumley and Tocheny withdrew from representing Brayton in No. 19-3-02047-3.
3	50. On April 23, 2021, following a hearing, the court granted the motion to vacate the
4	final orders entered in December 2020 in No. 20-3-03680-2, including the parenting plan and
5	child support order, but denied the request for additional fees. The residential schedule
6	established in No. 19-3-02047-3 remained in place.
7	51. On or about May 18, 2022—after ODC issued its analysis letter in this matter—
8	Brumley paid Morfitt the \$200 in sanctions ordered on December 30, 2020, and the \$500 in
9	attorney fees ordered on January 29, 2021, but did not pay the court-ordered interest.
10	52. On November 21, 2022, after ODC filed the Formal Complaint in this matter, Brumley
11	paid \$108.12 in court-ordered interest.
12	Sotebeer Grievance
13	53. In June 2020, Brumley's firm agreed to represent Malcolm Scott Sotebeer, Sotebeer's
14	spouse, Gregory Davenport, and their cannabis company, Hempzen Enterprises (collectively, "the
15	clients"), in a lawsuit filed against them by Hempzen investors.
16	54. The fee agreement between Brumley and the clients states that Brumley's firm would
17	assign a "primary licensed professional to the client," who would be "primarily responsible to the
18	client's case."
19	55. In June 2020, Brumley filed the defendants' answer and affirmative defenses.
20	56. In August 2020, Brumley hired Isabella Mazur, who had graduated from law school
21	in June 2020 but was not yet admitted to the Bar.
22	57. In early September 2020, Brumley assigned the Sotebeer case to Mazur.
23	58. Mazur had no prior experience working on business litigation matters, but Mazur was
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1	being supervised by and working directly with Michael Reid, Sotebeer's prior lawyer in the
2	matter, including in drafting counterclaims against the Hempzen investors.
3	59. Brumley assumed Reid was providing the necessary guidance and supervision to
4	Mazur.
5	60. On September 16, 2020, Mazur, over Brumley's signature, filed an amended answer
6	and counterclaims, which included a counterclaim of defamation.
7	61. On September 22, 2020, Mazur was admitted to the Bar.
8	62. In October 2020, plaintiffs' counsel wrote Brumley stating that the answer and
9	counterclaims violated CR 11 and that counsel would seek sanctions unless they were dismissed.
10	63. In December 2020, plaintiffs' counsel served plaintiff's discovery requests on
11	Brumley's firm.
12	64. Plaintiff's discovery requests were due on January 18, 2021.
13	65. Brumley's firm did not respond to the discovery requests by January 18, 2021.
14	66. Mazur left Brumley's firm in January 2021 and agreed to take over the Sotebeer
15	matter.
16	67. On January 20, 2021, after Mazur left Brumley's firm, Brumley filed a notice of
17	withdrawal and substitution to make Mazur the attorney of record going forward.
18	68. On March 19, 2021, in ruling on plaintiffs' summary judgment motion, the court
19	dismissed the counterclaims and awarded sanctions of \$5,963.75 to plaintiffs under RCW
20	4.24.510 (Washington's anti-SLAPP law) based on the defamation counterclaim, which the
21	clients paid.
22	69. In April 2021, the clients hired new counsel, and eventually the case settled.
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1	III. STIPULATION TO MISCONDUCT
2	70. By failing to make reasonable efforts to ensure that Brumley's firm had in effect
3	measures giving reasonable assurance that the conduct of nonlawyer staff was compatible with
4	Brumley's professional obligations, and/or by failing to make reasonable efforts to supervise
5	Camper's handling of the Brayton matter to ensure that Camper's conduct was compatible with
6	Brumley's professional obligations, Brumley violated RPC 5.3 and RPC 5.10.
7	71. By failing to make reasonable efforts to ensure that Brumley's firm had in effect
8	measures giving reasonable assurance that all lawyers in Brumley's firm conformed to the RPC,
9	and/or by failing to make reasonable efforts to ensure that Mazur's conduct conformed to the
10	RPC, Brumley violated RPC 5.1.
11	72. By failing to pay the sanctions and attorney fees the court imposed against Brumley
12	in the Brayton matters for over a year after they were ordered, and/or by failing to pay the court-
13	ordered interest, Brumley violated RPC 3.4(c), RPC 8.4(d), and 8.4(j).
14	IV. PRIOR DISCIPLINE
15	73. Respondent has no prior discipline.
16	V. APPLICATION OF ABA STANDARDS
17	74. The following American Bar Association Standards for Imposing Lawyer Sanctions
18	(1991 ed. & Feb. 1992 Supp.) apply to this case:
19	ABA <u>Standard</u> 6.2 - Abuse of the Legal Process 6.21 Disbarment is generally appropriate when a lawyer knowingly violates a court
20	order or rule with the intent to obtain a benefit for the lawyer or another, and causes serious injury or potentially serious injury to a party or causes serious or
21	potentially serious interference with a legal proceeding.  6.22 Suspension is generally appropriate when a lawyer knows that he or she is
22	violating a court order or rule, and causes injury or potential injury to a client or a party, or causes interference or potential interference with a legal proceeding.
23	party, or causes merrerence of potential interference with a legal proceeding.
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1	81. The following aggravating factors apply under ABA <u>Standard</u> 9.22:
2	(d) multiple offenses.
3	82. The following mitigating factors apply under ABA Standard 9.32:
4	(a) absence of a prior disciplinary record;
5	(f) inexperience in the practice of law (admitted in 2015, misconduct started 2019); and
6	(k) imposition of other penalties or sanctions (\$700 plus interest in court-ordered sanctions
7	and attorney fees in the Brayton matter)
8	(l) remorse.
9	83. It is an additional mitigating factor that Respondent has agreed to resolve this matter
10	at an early stage of the proceedings.
11	84. A significant mitigating factor is the contribution this stipulation makes to the efficient
12	and effective operation of the lawyer discipline system considering the effect the COVID-19
13	public health emergency has had on disciplinary resources and the orderly processing of
14	disciplinary matters.
15	85. Based on the factors set forth above, the presumptive sanction for failing to pay court
16	ordered sanctions and attorney fees should be mitigated to reprimand.
17	VI. STIPULATED DISCIPLINE
18	86. The parties stipulate that Respondent shall receive two reprimands.
19	VII. CONDITIONS OF PROBATION
20	87. Respondent shall be subject to probation for a period of 24 months beginning on the
21	date this stipulation receives final approval.
22	88. The conditions of probation are set forth below. Respondent's compliance with these
23	conditions will be monitored by the Probation Administrator of the Office of Disciplinary Counsel
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1	("Probation Administrator"). Failure to comply with a condition of probation listed herein may
2	be grounds for further disciplinary action under ELC 13.8(b).
3	Practice Monitor
4	89. During the period of probation, Respondent's practice will be supervised by a practice
5	monitor. The practice monitor must be a WSBA member with no record of public discipline and
6	who is not the subject of a pending public disciplinary proceeding.
7	90. The role of the practice monitor is to consult with and provide guidance to Respondent
8	regarding case management, office management, and avoiding violations of the Rules of
9	Professional Conduct, and to provide reports and information to the Probation Administrator
10	regarding Respondent's compliance with the terms of probation and the RPC. The practice
11	monitor does not represent the Respondent.
12	91. At the beginning of the probation period, the Probation Administrator will select a
13	lawyer to serve as practice monitor for the period of Respondent's probation.
14	a) <u>Initial Challenge</u> : If, within 15 days of the written notice of the selection of a
15	practice monitor, Respondent sends a written request to the Probation
16	Administrator that another practice monitor be selected, the Probation
17	Administrator will select another practice monitor. Respondent need not identify
18	any basis for this initial request.
19	(b) <u>Subsequent Challenges</u> : If, after selection of a second (or subsequent)
20	practice monitor, Respondent believes there is good cause why that individual
21	should not serve as practice monitor, Respondent may, within 15 days of notice of
22	the selected practice monitor, send a written request to the Probation Administrator
23	asking that another practice monitor be selected. That request must articulate good
24	Stipulation to Discipline OFFICE OF DISCIPLINARY COUNSEL Page 12 OF THE WASHINGTON STATE BAR ASSOCIATION

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cause to support the request. If the Probation Administrator agrees, another practice monitor will be selected. If the Probation Administrator disagrees, the Office of Disciplinary Counsel will submit its proposed selection for practice monitor to the Chair of the Disciplinary Board for appointment pursuant to ELC 13.8(a)(2), and will also provide the Chair with the Respondent's written request that another practice monitor be selected.

- 92. In the event the practice monitor is no longer able to perform the practice monitor's duties, the Probation Administrator will select a new practice monitor at the Probation Administrator's discretion.
- 93. During the period of probation, Respondent must cooperate with the named practice monitor. Respondent must meet with the practice monitor at least once per month. Respondent must communicate with the practice monitor to schedule all required meetings.
- 94. The Respondent must bring to each meeting a current, complete written list of all pending client legal matters being handled by the Respondent. The list must identify the current status of each client matter and any problematic issues regarding each client matter. The list may identify clients by using the client's initials rather than the client's name.
- 95. At each meeting, the practice monitor will discuss with Respondent practice issues that have arisen or are anticipated. In light of the conduct giving rise to the imposition of probation, ODC recommends that the practice monitor and Respondent discuss whether Respondent is diligently making progress on each client matter, whether Respondent is in communication with each client, whether Respondent has promptly billed each client, whether Respondent's fee agreements are consistent with the RPC and are understandable to the client, whether Respondent needs to consider withdrawing from any client matters, and whether

1	Respondent is properly supervising staff and subordinate lawyers. Meetings may be in person or
2	by telephone at the practice monitor's discretion. The practice monitor uses discretion in
3	determining the length of each meeting.
4	96. The practice monitor will provide the Probation Administrator with quarterly writter
5	reports regarding Respondent's compliance with probation terms and the RPC. Each report must
6	include the date of each meeting with Respondent, a brief synopsis of the discussion topics, and
7	a brief description of any concerns the practice monitor has regarding the Respondent's
8	compliance with the RPC. The report must be signed by the practice monitor. Each report is due
9	within 30 days of the completion of the quarter.
10	97. If the practice monitor believes that Respondent is not complying with any or
11	Respondent's ethical duties under the RPC or if Respondent fails to schedule or attend a monthly
12	meeting, the practice monitor will promptly communicate that to the Probation Administrator.
13	98. Respondent must make payments totaling \$1,000 to the Washington State Bar
14	Association to defray the costs and expenses of administering the probation, as follows:
15	(a) \$250 due within 30 days of the start of the probation;
16	(b) \$250 due within 6 months of the start of the probation period;
17	(c) \$250 due within 12 months of the start of the probation period; and
18	(d) \$250 due within 18 months of the start of the probation period.
19	99. All payments should be provided to the Probation Administrator for processing.
20	Ethics Consultation
21	100. Respondent agrees to a one-hour ethics consultation with Mark Fucile regarding
22	the conduct giving rise to this grievance and compliance with the RPC. The consultation shall
23	occur by July 1, 2023. Within two weeks of this consultation, Respondent shall provide proof to

1	the Probation Administrator of the meeting in the form of a written statement that includes the
2	date, time, and a brief summary of the consultation.
3	101. Respondent agrees to pay all costs in connection with the ethics consultation.
4	Fucile's hourly rate is \$450. Respondent is responsible for timely paying all costs in connection
5	with the ethics consultation.
6	Practice Management Assistance
7	102. Respondent has recently consulted with Ann Guinn for one session with respect to
8	law office management. Respondent shall consult with Guinn for three more sessions on law
9	office management. Guinn can be reached at ann@annguinnconsulting.com and (253) 946-1896.
10	103. Respondent shall consult with Guinn to discuss and implement procedures
11	concerning some or all of the following issues:
12	(a) Dealing with clients and managing their expectations
13	(b) Fee agreements
14	(c) Staff communication and supervision
15	(d) Calendaring/Docketing
16	(e) Time management
17	(f) Office layout and organization
18	(g) Other issues as appropriate.
19	104. Respondent shall contact Guinn to schedule a consultation within 30 days from
20	approval of this stipulation. The consultation shall take place no later than 30 days thereafter.
21	105. Respondent understands that Guinn may establish dates by which Respondent
22	must comply with recommendations made and for follow-up communication. Respondent agrees
23	to strictly comply with these dates. These subsequent contacts may be in person, email, or
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1	telephone, at the sole discretion of Guinn.
2	106. Respondent authorizes Guinn to report immediately to the Probation
3	Administrator and/or ODC if Respondent fails to comply with any requirements or terms.
4	107. Respondent shall pay a flat fee of \$650 for Guinn's services.
5	108. Respondent agrees to respond promptly to all inquiries from Guinn and the
6	Probation Administrator regarding Respondent's compliance with the practice management
7	requirements described herein.
8	VIII. RESTITUTION
9	109. Respondent shall pay restitution in the amount of \$3,277.49 to Malcolm Scott
10	Sotebeer and/or the Lawyer's Fund for Client Protection, within 60 days of approval of this
11	stipulation.
12	IX. COSTS AND EXPENSES
13	110. In light of Respondent's willingness to resolve this matter by stipulation at an early
14	stage of the proceedings, Respondent shall pay attorney fees and administrative costs of \$750 in
15	accordance with ELC 13.9(i). The Association will seek a money judgment under ELC 13.9(l) if
16	these costs are not paid within 30 days of approval of this stipulation.
17	X. VOLUNTARY AGREEMENT
18	111. Respondent states that prior to entering into this Stipulation Respondent has
19	consulted independent legal counsel regarding this Stipulation, that Respondent is entering into
20	this Stipulation voluntarily, and that no promises or threats have been made by ODC, the
21	Association, nor by any representative thereof, to induce the Respondent to enter into this
22	Stipulation except as provided herein.
23	112. Once fully executed, this stipulation is a contract governed by the legal principles
24	Stipulation to Discipline OFFICE OF DISCIPLINARY COUNSEL

1	applicable to contracts, and may not be unilaterally revoked or modified by either party.
2	XI. LIMITATIONS
3	113. This Stipulation is a compromise agreement intended to resolve this matter in
4	accordance with the purposes of lawyer discipline while avoiding further proceedings and the
5	expenditure of additional resources by the Respondent and ODC. Both the Respondent and ODC
6	acknowledge that the result after further proceedings in this matter might differ from the result
7	agreed to herein.
8	114. This Stipulation is not binding upon ODC or the respondent as a statement of all
9	existing facts relating to the professional conduct of the Respondent, and any additional existing
10	facts may be proven in any subsequent disciplinary proceedings.
11	115. This Stipulation results from the consideration of various factors by both parties,
12	including the benefits to both by promptly resolving this matter without the time and expense of
13	hearings, Disciplinary Board appeals, and Supreme Court appeals or petitions for review. As
14	such, approval of this Stipulation will not constitute precedent in determining the appropriate
15	sanction to be imposed in other cases; but, if approved, this Stipulation will be admissible in
16	subsequent proceedings against Respondent to the same extent as any other approved Stipulation.
17	116. Under ELC 3.1(b), all documents that form the record before the Hearing Office
18	for Hearing Officer's review become public information on approval of the Stipulation by the
19	Hearing Officer, unless disclosure is restricted by order or rule of law.
20	117. If this Stipulation is approved by the Hearing Officer, it will be followed by the
21	disciplinary action agreed to in this Stipulation. All notices required in the Rules for
22	Enforcement of Lawyer Conduct will be made. Respondent represents that, in addition to
23	Washington, Respondent also is admitted to practice law in the following jurisdictions, whether
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1	current status is active, inactive, or suspended: none.
2	118. If this Stipulation is not approved by the Hearing Officer, this Stipulation will hav
3	no force or effect, and neither it nor the fact of its execution will be admissible as evidence in the
4	pending disciplinary proceeding, in any subsequent disciplinary proceeding, or in any civil o
5	criminal action.
6	WHEREFORE the undersigned being fully advised, adopt and agree to this Stipulation to
7	Two Reprimands as set forth above.
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9	Dated: 4/25/2023
10	Josh Brumley, Bar No. 49851 Respondent
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12	Dated: 4/25/2023  Kevin M. Bank, Bar No. 28935
13	Counsel for Respondent
14	Dated: 04/25/2023
15	Henry Cruz, Bar No. 38799 Disciplinary Counsel
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